

Outline











Issues

Materials investigation

Design tool

Findings

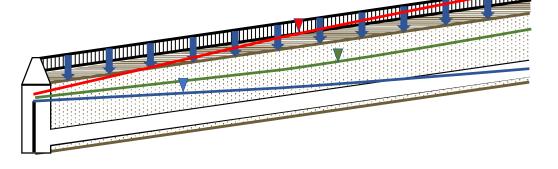
Implementation

Focus on the Subgrade



### Questions with subgrade design

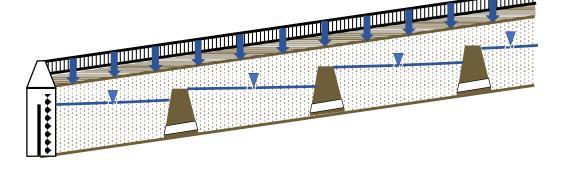
- Size and number of layers of stone?
- Drain tile or not?
- How to optimize water stored?

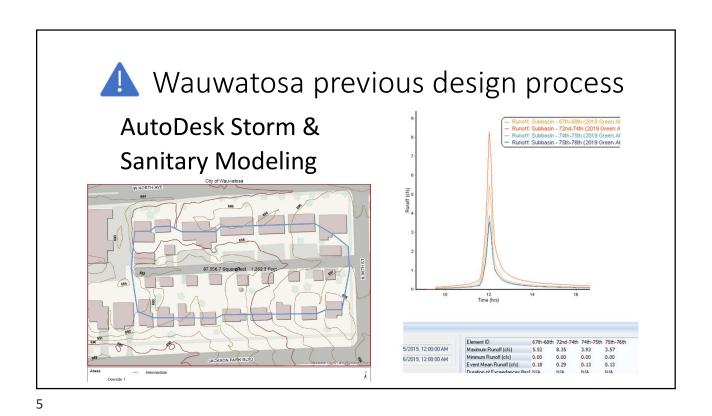




#### Issues with Design Guidance

- Construction difficulty
- Spacing and height of impermeable cores
- Drain down of cells





Wauwatosa previous design process

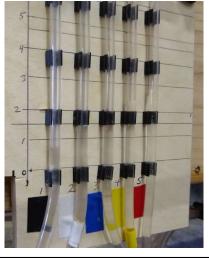
EPASWMM Modeling

SMM151 - HOWER TON WHITE Report TON WH

L 6







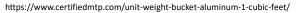


# Materials Investigation:

Porosity, Gradation

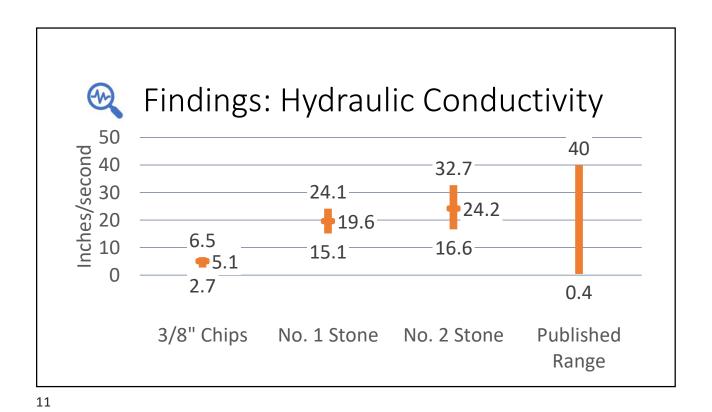
ASTM C-29 1-cubic foot bucket



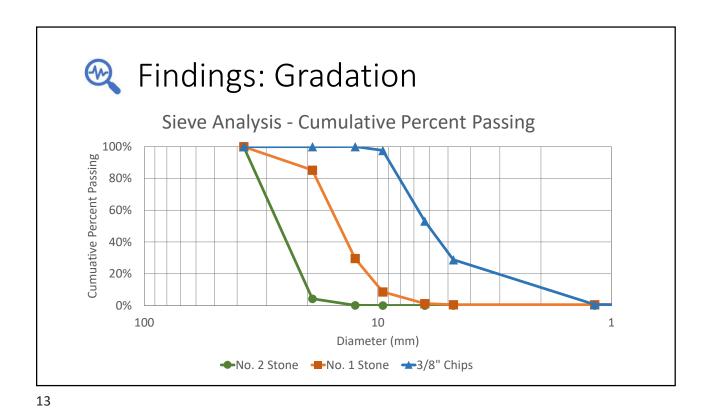




https://www.humboldtmfg.com/shakers-sieve.html



Findings: Porosity 0.55 0.52 -0.51 0.50 0.45 0.44 0.45 0.40 0.42 0.42 0.40 0.35 0.35 0.30 3/8" Chips No. 1 Stone No. 2 Stone **Published** Range



Design Tool Approach

#### **Hydraulic Model**

Determine subsurface storage and water table profile at different discharge flow rates

#### Hydrologic Model

Use storage routing to route storm through subsurface storage

Profile at Peak Discharge Rate

Analogous to **HEC-RAS** to determine flood storage in a channel segment

Analogous to **HEC-HMS** to determine flood flow at the outlet of a channel segment

Accomplish all this this in an Excel Spreadsheet



### Design Tool Assumptions

- 1 Hour 1st Quartile Huff distribution storm
- 1 Hour rainfall depth from NOAA Atlas 14
- Inflow to subgrade from adjacent properties and surface itself distributed uniformly along length of alley
- Permeable alley surface and choker course do not limit infiltration
- Subgrade has one or two layers of drainage stone with uniform thickness
- Infiltration rate to native soil either zero or specified
- · Weir in manhole controls water level at downhill end

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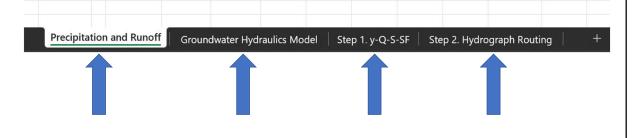


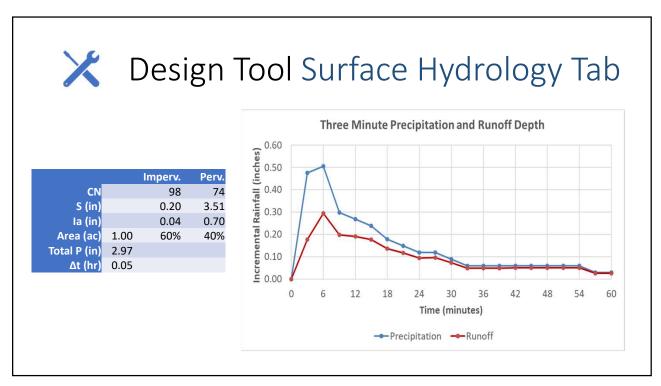
#### Design Tool Excel Spreadsheet

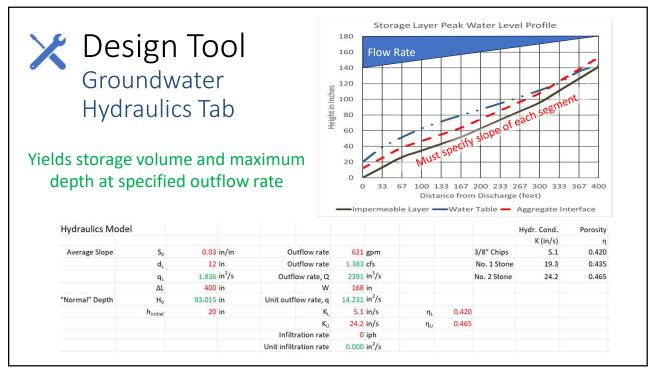
One Single Spreadsheet

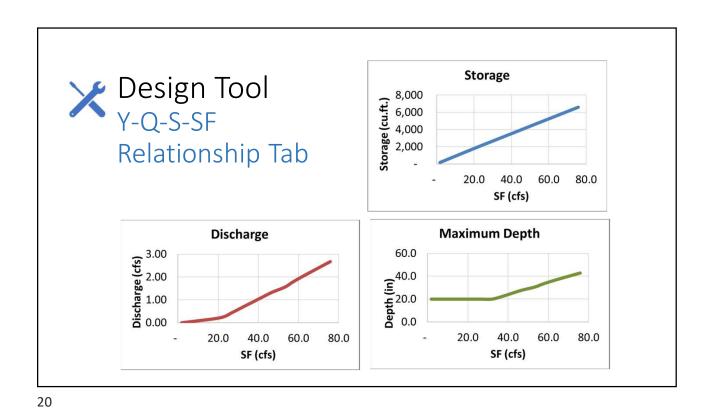


Four Simple Tabs

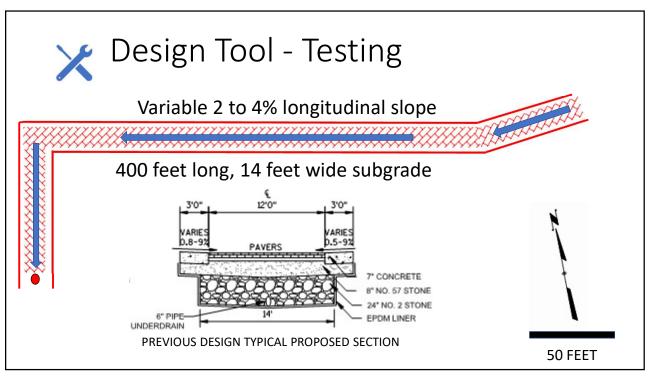








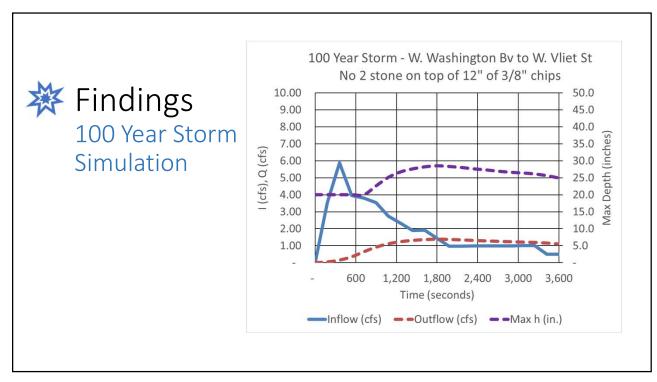
Design Tool Hydrograph Routing Tab 50.0 10.00 9.00 45.0 8.00 40.0 40.0 35.0 30.0 25.0 20.0 20.0 15.0 Wax Debth (inches) 7.00 I (cfs), Q (cfs) 6.00 5.00 4.00 3.00 10.0 2.00 1.00 5.0 720 1,080 1,440 1,800 2,160 2,520 2,880 3,240 3,600 Time (seconds) Inflow (cfs) ---- Outflow (cfs) ----- Max h (in.)





#### Design Tool - Testing

- NRCS hydrology runoff from separate (60%) impervious and (40%) pervious (grass) areas
- Drainage area 1 acre





1-Hour Design Storm Recurrence Interval	Peak Attenuation Ratio	Peak Delay (minutes)
100-Year	4.25	24
10-Year	5.55	30
2-Year	8.49	54
1-Year	9.02	54

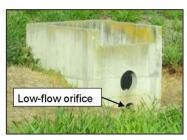


### Findings

- No need for an underdrain (9 hour drain down)
- Two-layer design with 12" of 3/8" stone covered by 12" or more of No. 2 stone for storage course

# This turns design guidance upside down!





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#### **Findings**

One-Layer Design (No. 1 Stone)	Two-Layer Design (No. 2 Stone on 12" 3/8" chips)
3 to 4 fold reduction in peak flow	4 to 9 fold reduction in peak flow
Peak delay 24 minutes	Peak delay 24 to 54 minutes
Little storage capacity used in 1- and 2-year storm	Substantial storage capacity used in 1- and 2-year storm
Little storage in uphill 25% of alley	More storage used in uphill 25% of alley



#### Implementation: Design and Construction

Maggie Anderson, P.E. City of Wauwatosa

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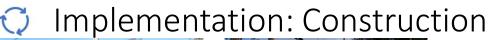
























# Implementation: Construction

- 25 green alleys installed
- 80,000 sq. ft. pavement removed
- 950,000 gallons stored

